

## Session 09-02: Tasks

### Differential Calculus - Exam Review

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##### Problem 1: Limit Evaluation (x)

Evaluate the following limits:

- a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{5x} - 1}{x}$
- b)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^n$
- c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2 - x + 3}{2x^2 + 5}$
- d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$

##### Problem 2: Differentiation Drill (x)

Find  $f'(x)$  for each function:

- a)  $f(x) = 3x^4 - 2x^3 + 7x - 1$
- b)  $f(x) = e^{3x+1}$
- c)  $f(x) = \ln(2x + 5)$
- d)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x}$
- e)  $f(x) = (3x - 1)^5$
- f)  $f(x) = x \cdot e^x$

##### Problem 3: Basic Critical Points (x)

Find all critical points and classify them using the second derivative test:

- a)  $f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 5$
- b)  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 3$

##### Problem 4: Critical Point Classification (xx)

For  $f(x) = x^4 - 8x^2 + 16$ :

- a) Find all critical points.
- b) Use the second derivative test to classify them. Handle the case where  $f''(x_0) = 0$  carefully.
- c) Find the global extrema on the interval  $[-3, 3]$ .
- d) Determine the intervals of increase and decrease.

### Problem 5: Quadratic Optimization Word Problem (xx)

A rectangular garden is to be fenced on three sides (the fourth side is along a wall). The total available fencing is 120 meters.

- Express the area as a function of one variable.
- Find the dimensions that maximize the area.
- What is the maximum area?
- Verify using the second derivative test.

### Problem 6: Polynomial Curve Sketch (xx)

For  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 27$ :

- Find the zeros (factor the polynomial).
- Find the critical points and classify them.
- Find the inflection points.
- Determine the end behavior.
- Sketch the complete graph.

### Problem 7: Tangent Line at a Point (xx)

Consider the function  $f(x) = x^2 \cdot e^{-x}$ .

- Find the equation of the tangent line to  $f$  at  $x = 2$ .
- Find the equation of the normal line at the same point.
- At which point(s) on the curve is the tangent line horizontal?

### Problem 8: Rational Curve Sketch with Asymptotes (xxx)

For  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x - 2}$ :

- Determine the domain.
- Find the vertical asymptote(s).
- Perform polynomial long division to find the oblique asymptote.
- Find all zeros and the  $y$ -intercept.
- Compute  $f'(x)$  and find the critical points.
- Compute  $f''(x)$  and find the inflection points.
- Sketch the complete graph.

### Problem 9: Funktionsscharen Parameter Analysis (xxx)

For  $f_t(x) = x^3 - 3t^2x + 2t^3$  with  $t > 0$ :

- Show that  $x = t$  is always a zero of  $f_t$ .

- b) Factor  $f_t(x)$  completely.
- c) Find all extrema as a function of  $t$ .
- d) For which value of  $t$  does the local minimum have a  $y$ -value of  $-16$ ?

**Problem 10: Curve Sketch of  $f(x) = x \cdot \ln(x)$  (xxx)**

- a) Determine the domain.
- b) Find the zeros.
- c) Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \ln(x)$ . (Hint: rewrite as  $\frac{\ln(x)}{1/x}$  and apply L'Hôpital's rule.)
- d) Find  $f'(x)$  and the critical points.
- e) Find  $f''(x)$  and the inflection points.
- f) Sketch the complete graph.
- g) Find the minimum value and interpret it.

**Problem 11: Tangent Line System (xxx)**

The tangent line to  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + 1$  at  $x = 1$  has the equation  $y = 3x - 1$ .

- a) Set up a system of equations using  $f(1)$  and  $f'(1)$ .
- b) Solve for  $a$  and  $b$ .
- c) Sketch  $f(x)$  and the tangent line.

**Problem 12: Cost Minimization with e-Function (xxx)**

A company's production cost per unit is modeled by:

$$C(x) = 50 + \frac{200}{x} + 0.1x \cdot e^{0.01x}$$

where  $x > 0$  is the number of units produced daily.

- a) What is the cost per unit when  $x = 50$  units are produced?
- b) Find  $C'(x)$ .
- c) Show that there exists a production level that minimizes the cost per unit. (Argue using the behavior as  $x \rightarrow 0^+$  and  $x \rightarrow \infty$ .)
- d) Use a numerical/graphical argument to estimate the optimal production level.

**Problem 13: Oblique Asymptote + Full Sketch (xxx)**

For  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x - 6}{x + 2}$ :

- a) Perform polynomial long division.
- b) Identify the oblique and vertical asymptotes.
- c) Find all zeros.

- d) Find  $f'(x)$  and the critical points.
- e) Sketch the graph with the oblique asymptote.

### Problem 14: Related Rates Word Problem (xxx)

A spherical balloon is inflated so that its volume increases at a constant rate of  $100 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ .

- a) Express the volume as a function of the radius:  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .
- b) Find  $\frac{dr}{dt}$  when  $r = 10 \text{ cm}$ .
- c) Find  $\frac{dA}{dt}$  when  $r = 10 \text{ cm}$ , where  $A = 4\pi r^2$  is the surface area.
- d) At what radius is the surface area increasing at a rate of  $40 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ ?

### Problem 15: Advertising Effectiveness Full Analysis (xxxx)

An advertising campaign's effectiveness is modeled by:

$$E(t) = 500(1 - e^{-0.3t})$$

where  $E(t)$  is in thousands of impressions reached and  $t$  is weeks since the campaign started.

- a) Find  $E(0)$  and interpret the result.
- b) Find  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} E(t)$  and interpret.
- c) Find  $E'(t)$  and interpret  $E'(0)$ .
- d) Find  $E''(t)$ . Is the campaign's effectiveness concave up or concave down? Interpret this in the context of advertising.
- e) The campaign costs €2,000 per week. Revenue per thousand impressions is €8. Find the time  $t^*$  at which marginal revenue equals marginal cost.
- f) Calculate the total profit at  $t^*$ .

### Problem 16: Tangent from External Point (xxxx)

Find all tangent lines from the point  $P(0, -4)$  to the curve  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$ .

- a) Let the tangent touch the curve at  $(a, f(a))$ . Write the tangent line equation.
- b) Use the condition that the tangent passes through  $P(0, -4)$  to obtain an equation in  $a$ .
- c) Solve for  $a$ .
- d) Write the equations of all tangent lines.
- e) Sketch the curve and all tangent lines.

### Problem 17: Funktionsscharen with Area Constraint (xxxx)

For  $f_a(x) = ax^2 - 2ax$  with  $a > 0$ :

- a) Find the zeros and the vertex as functions of  $a$ .
- b) Sketch  $f_1(x)$  and  $f_2(x)$ .
- c) The region between  $f_a(x)$  and the  $x$ -axis has area  $\frac{4a}{3}$ . Verify this by computing the definite integral.
- d) Find  $a$  such that the enclosed area equals 12.
- e) Find the tangent line to  $f_a$  at  $x = 0$  as a function of  $a$ . For which value of  $a$  does this tangent line pass through the point  $(3, -12)$ ?