

# Tasks 07-06 - Contingency Tables & Bayes

## Section 07: Probability & Statistics

### Problem 1: Bayes' Theorem Basics (x)

A medical test has the following characteristics: - Sensitivity: 90% (correctly identifies 90% of sick people) - Specificity: 95% (correctly identifies 95% of healthy people) - Prevalence: 5% (5% of the population has the disease)

- a) What is  $P(+ | D)$ ?
- b) What is  $P(- | D')$ ?
- c) Calculate  $P(D | +)$  (PPV)
- d) Calculate  $P(D' | -)$  (NPV)

### Problem 2: Contingency Table Construction (xx)

A company surveyed 200 employees about their commute method and job satisfaction: - 55% commute by car - 40% are highly satisfied - 30% commute by car AND are highly satisfied

- a) Construct a complete contingency table
- b) Find  $P(\text{Car} | \text{Highly Satisfied})$
- c) Find  $P(\text{Highly Satisfied} | \text{Car})$
- d) Are commute method and satisfaction independent?

### Problem 3: Medical Testing - Full Analysis (xx)

A screening test for a disease has: - Sensitivity = 85% - Specificity = 92% - The disease affects 3% of the population

- a) Create a contingency table for a population of 10,000
- b) Calculate PPV directly from the table
- c) Calculate NPV directly from the table
- d) If you test positive, how worried should you be? Interpret PPV.

### Problem 4: Factory Quality (xx)

A factory has two machines: - Machine A produces 70% of output, 4% defect rate - Machine B produces 30% of output, 6% defect rate

- a) What is the overall defect rate?
- b) A defective item is found. What's the probability it came from Machine A?
- c) Create a contingency table for 1000 items
- d) Verify your answer to (b) using the table

### Problem 5: Exam-Style Problem - 2025 Format (xxx)

In a city, a rapid test for a virus is available: - The test correctly identifies 92% of infected people (sensitivity) - The test correctly identifies 97% of non-infected people (specificity) - Currently 8% of the population is infected (prevalence)

A person tests positive.

- a) Calculate the probability that this person is actually infected (PPV).
- b) Now suppose the prevalence increases to 20% due to an outbreak. Recalculate PPV.
- c) Explain why PPV changes with prevalence.
- d) At what prevalence would PPV equal 80%? (Set up the equation and solve)

### Problem 6: Exam-Style Problem - 2023 Format (xxx)

A company conducts employee surveys. Based on historical data: - 60% of employees are satisfied with their job - Of satisfied employees, 75% recommend the company to others - Of unsatisfied employees, 20% still recommend the company

- a) Create a contingency table for 500 employees
- b) What proportion of employees recommend the company?
- c) An employee recommends the company. What's the probability they are satisfied?
- d) Are satisfaction and recommendation independent? Justify with calculations.